

Chenango

Columbia

Cortland

Clinton

Herkimer

Jefferson

Livingston

Lewis



# **Essential Plan Cooling Program Vendor Information**

Company Name:			Federal ID: _	
(Hereinafter referred to a	,		UEI*:	
<b>Doing Business As (</b> Please attach any additi		to list all your DBAs with thei	ir locations and contact infor	mation.
Contact Name:			Telephone Number:	
Email:			Fax Number:	
General Public Telep	hone Number:			
Physical Address:		Mailir	ng Address:	
Please check all coufan installation servi		ty boroughs where your	company is willing to p	provide air conditioner and
Albany	Delaware	Madison	Putnam	Sullivan
Allegany	Dutchess	Manhattan	Queens	Tioga
Bronx	Erie	Monroe	Rensselaer	Tompkins
Brooklyn	Essex	Montgomery	Rockland	Ulster
Broome	Franklin	Nassau	St. Lawrence	Warren
Cattaraugus	Fulton	Niagara	Saratoga	Washington
Cayuga	Genesee	Oneida	Schenectady	Wayne
Chautauqua	Greene	Onondaga	Schoharie	Westchester
Chemung	Hamilton	Ontario	Schuyler	Wyoming

Orange

Orleans

Oswego

Otsego

(Rev. 02/25) Vendor Information Form

Seneca

Steuben

Suffolk

Staten Island

Yates

<sup>\*</sup>In order to receive Essential Plan Cooling Program payments on behalf of eligible households, the vendor must be registered in SAM.Gov.

## Essential Plan Cooling Program Vendor Agreement

THIS AGREEMENT, made as of 4/1/2025 (the "Effective Date"), by and between HEALTH RESEARCH, INC., a not-for-profit corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of New York, with principal offices located at Riverview Center, 150 Broadway, Ste. 280, Menands, NY 12204-2893, hereinafter referred to as HRI, and

located at

herein after referred to as the VENDOR.

## WITNESSETH

WHEREAS, HRI will administer payments to Vendor on behalf of NY State of Health of the NYS Department of Health ("NYS DOH") for the conduct of a project entitled "Essential Plan Cooling Program" (EPCP), which allows certain Essential Plan enrollees to have air conditioning units installed in their home to improve health conditions; and,

WHEREAS, funding for the project, in whole or in part, is provided under a federal government grant or contract; and,

WHEREAS, HRI desires the Vendor's performance of certain services for HRI in connection with such project; and,

WHEREAS, Vendor has represented to HRI that <<he/she/it>> is competent, willing and able to perform such services for HRI.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the promises, mutual covenants, and agreements contained herein, it is mutually agreed by and between the respective parties as follows:

## I. General Provisions

- 1. Subject to compliance with the terms of this agreement, HRI will list Vendor as an Authorized Vendor to purchase, deliver and install air conditioning units or fans in individual Consumer homes under the EPCP program (the "Authorized Vendor" or "Vendor").
- Essential Plan members (Consumer) approved under EPCP will be provided with the Authorized Vendor Directory. The consumer will select and initiate contact with an Authorized Vendor of their choice to schedule a pre-assessment visit and installation of the approved unit. Each consumer will provide an authorization ID to the Authorized Vendor selected to initiate the

- installation process.
- 3. Authorized Vendors are authorized to bill HRI for services only after the consumer provides a signed acknowledgement of installation of the air conditioner or fan, as set forth in section "III" of this Agreement.
- 4. Vendor agrees households receiving assistance from EPCP will not be treated adversely because of such assistance under applicable provisions of State law and public regulatory requirements.
- 5. Vendor agrees it will not discriminate, either in cost of goods supplied or the services provided, against the household on whose behalf EPCP payments are made.
- The Vendor must treat all consumer information under EPCP as confidential information and will not use any consumer information except as necessary to provide cooling assistance services.
- 7. The Vendor must carry liability insurance, Workers Compensation Insurance and possess all applicable licenses required by the city and county in which the Vendor is authorized to conduct business. At the time this Agreement is signed and prior receiving any installation jobs the Vendor must provide to HRI: (i) current certificates of insurance to document coverage, and (ii) documentation of their current license(s) in the counties in which they are authorized to conduct business and will be providing installation services.
- 8. The Vendor agrees to notify HRI within five business days if the company is sold, if there is a change in company ownership, company name, or any other change that would affect the Vendor Agreement or consumer services. This Agreement may not be assigned without the prior written consent of HRI.
- 9. This Agreement will remain in effect unless superseded by another Agreement or terminated by either the Vendor or HRI. Termination requires 30 days written notice.

## II. Provisions for Authorized Vendors

- 1. Vendor agrees that all materials used in the installation shall be of good quality and shall be free of defects that would diminish the appearance of the equipment or render it structurally or operationally unsound. Installation includes the furnishing of any equipment, rigging, and materials required to install parts in the proper location. Vendor shall protect the site from damage and shall repair damage or injury caused during installation by Vendor or its employees or agents. Vendor shall perform installation work so as to cause the least inconvenience and interference with Consumers and with proper consideration of others on site. Upon completion of the installation, the location and surrounding area of work shall be left clean and in a neat and unobstructed condition, with everything in satisfactory repair and order.
- 2. Vendor agrees that the total cost of any single cooling assistance service cannot exceed \$900 for a window air conditioner or portable air conditioner and cannot exceed \$1,100 for an existing wall sleeve unit, or \$500 for a fan.
- 3. The Vendor agrees the total job cost includes a pre-installation onsite assessment, procurement

- of unit, installation of unit, administrative cost, labor, program support, and minor repairs essential for the safe installation of cooling unit. Funds may not be used for any other purpose.
- 4. When Vendor is selected by a consumer to provide an air conditioner or fan under the EPCP, Vendor will visit the consumer's residence for a pre-installation assessment, to assess and determine the appropriate living space within the dwelling for the optimal creation of a cooling room, calculate the proper size of the AC Unit using the square footage of the room to be cooled, and other relevant factors including sun exposure, occupancy and proximity to kitchen.
- 5. Vendor agrees to assess the electrical load capacity of the dwelling and the circuit on which the equipment is to be connected for each consumer's dwelling during the pre-installation onsite assessment, prior to purchasing and installing a unit for a consumer. If the consumer's electrical system or circuit does not meet the load requirement necessary for the safe operation of the air conditioning unit, a unit may not be purchased or installed.
- 6. Vendor agrees that in circumstances where an air conditioning unit cannot be safely installed, vendor should document reason and request HRI authorization to substitute purchase and delivery of an appropriate fan.
- 7. Vendor agrees that air conditioning units are limited to window installations, portable window air conditioning units (only if a window unit may not be safely installed), and existing sleeve installations. Window equipment must be Energy Star rated. Vendor agrees to provide only one air conditioner **or** fan and installation services per dwelling.
- 8. Vendor agrees to respond to consumer requests for installation services promptly, to schedule the pre-installation onsite assessment and the installation appointment, completing both visits within three weeks of contact by the consumer whenever possible.
- 9. Vendor agrees to notify HRI if cooling assistance services cannot be scheduled and completed within three weeks of notification.
- 10. Vendor agrees to register cooling equipment warranties directly with the manufacturer and provide copies of the completed warranty to each consumer.
- 11. Vendor agrees to provide each consumer with the manufacturer's literature pertaining to the cooling equipment and to provide instruction as to the safe and proper usage of the cooling equipment provided.
- 12. Vendor agrees to provide each consumer with the prescribed form to acknowledge installation and to confirm that the consumer is responsible for ongoing maintenance responsibility, utility cost and removal. The Acknowledgement form must be signed by consumer and returned to HRI when the Vendor invoices HRI for the installation, as outlined in section "III" of this Agreement.
- 13. Vendor acknowledges and agrees that after installation the maintenance of the air conditioning unit, including the responsibility to remove, cover, store and or reinstall or dispose of the unit or the installation sleeve is the responsibility of the consumer.
- 14. Vendor agrees to be responsible and to work directly with the consumer or dwelling owner to resolve any issues that arise regarding the installation of the air conditioning unit, for a period of thirty (30) days following the installation.

## III. Fees and Payments

- 1. Vendor agrees to submit a completed consumer Acknowledgement Form to HRI for each completed cooling assistance service provided.
- Vendor agrees that the final invoice for the purchase and installation of the air conditioner or
  fan must be submitted to HRI with the Consumer Acknowledgement Form within 30 business
  days of the completion of the cooling assistance services but no later than September 30th of
  the program year, or payments will not be made.
- 3. The Vendor understands that payment for the purchase, delivery, and installation of an air conditioner or fan under EPCP will be made from federal funds, through HRI. The Vendor further understands and agrees to comply with all requirements and all policy determinations and directives of HRI and NYS DOH regarding the administration of EPCP. The Vendor may be prosecuted under applicable federal and/or State law for false claims, statements or documents or concealment of material fact.
- 4. Vendor agrees that no consumer may be charged, billed or otherwise incur any additional costs for the cooling assistance services authorized under this program. All costs are limited to cooling equipment and installation services as described in this agreement and shall only be billed directly to HRI.
- 5. Vendor agrees EPCP benefits authorized for the purpose of purchasing cooling assistance services may only be applied to cooling assistance equipment and services and may not be used for any other purpose.
- 6. Vendor agrees New York State Sales Tax will not be collected on cooling assistance equipment and services paid for with ECPC funds. Local County Sales Tax may be collected if applicable.
- 7. The Vendor will not transfer the air conditioner or fan purchased under the EPCP program to consumers or residence addresses not authorized through the EPCP program.

## IV. Indemnity

1. To the fullest extent permitted by law, Vendor shall indemnify, hold harmless and defend HRI, its agents, employees, officers, board members, the New York State Department of Health, and the People of the State of New York against all claims, damages, losses or expenses including but not limited to attorneys' fees arising out of or resulting from the performance of the agreement, provided any such claim, damage, loss or expense arises out of, or in connection with, any act or omission by Vendor, or anyone directly or indirectly employed or contracted by Vendor, in the performance of services under this Agreement, and such acts or omissions (i) constitute negligence, willful misconduct, or fraud; (ii) are attributable to bodily injury, sickness, disease or death, or to injury to or destruction of tangible property, including loss of use resulting there from; (iii) cause the breach of any confidentiality obligations set forth herein; (iv) relate to any claim for compensation and payment by any employee or agent of Vendor; (v) result in intellectual property infringement or misappropriation by Vendor, its employees, agents, or subcontractors; or (vi) are violations of regulatory or statutory provisions of the New York State Labor Law, OSHA or other governing rule or applicable law. The obligation of the Vendor to

indemnify any party under this paragraph shall not be limited in any manner by any limitation of the amount of insurance coverage or benefits including workers' compensation or other employee benefit acts provided by the Vendor.

## V. Audits, Investigation and Penalties

- 1. The Vendor agrees to permit and cooperate with: (1) federal and/or State audits and/or investigations (2) audits and/or investigations authorized by NYS DOH or HRI, and also; (3) any investigation undertaken to ensure program integrity. The Vendor agrees to: respond to any communication or correspondence from any authorized entities within five business days and provide reasonable accommodations for onsite case reviews. Vendor agrees to cooperate with NYS DOH/HRI in establishing a mutually acceptable timeframe within which the Vendor will provide information requested by NYS DOH/HRI.
- 2. If violations of the Vendor Agreement are discovered, the Vendor agrees to take corrective actions in the designated timeframes. Corrective actions may include, but are not limited to:
- 3. Reviewing all consumer accounts that received EPCP benefits for the year of review and the current program year,
- 4. Provide NYS DOH/HRI with full accounting of consumer accounts.
- 5. Provide a Corrective Action Plan to outline the changes that will promptly bring the Vendor into full compliance with program policy and deadlines for the implementation of those changes.
- 6. The Vendor agrees to support an accounting system and maintain fiscal records adequate to audit for a period of not less than three program years (current year plus three years) and will otherwise verify the proper disbursement of EPCP funds.
- 7. The Vendor understands that failure to cooperate with any federal and/or State audits and/or investigations, or if they fail to properly implement the required corrective actions in the designated timeframes, it may result in disqualification from participation in the current or future EPCP program year(s).
- 8. If criminal activity relating to the EPCP program rules is alleged through the audit and investigation process, it will result in referrals being made for appropriate prosecution by a District Attorney, Attorney General, the Consumer Protection Board, the Better Business Bureau or any other entity with appropriate jurisdiction; and the Vendor may be permanently disqualified from participating in the program.
- 9. The provisions of this Agreement cannot be altered by the Vendor. Any changes made to the Agreement will render the signed Agreement invalid.

## VI. Signature

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the Effective Date.

Health Research Inc.	<b>Vendor Name</b>	
	_	<b>x</b>
Flinghoth Micod		
Elizabeth Wood		
Acting Executive Director		
Date:	Date:	





## Additional Vendor Application Items

The following items are needed in addition to the information and forms in this packet:

☐ Proof of Workers Compensation Insurance identifying Health Research, Inc. as a
certificate holder or confirmation of workers compensation exemption because there is only one employee. Please see the certificate holder address below.
☐ Proof of Liability Insurance identifying Health Research, Inc. as a certificate holder.
Please see the certificate holder address below.

HRI's Insurance certificate holder address:

Health Research, Inc. Riverview Center 150 Broadway, Suite 280 Menands, NY 12204-2893



## **Vendor ACH Authorization Form**

1. Please Check One:		
NEW ACH **	CHANGE ACH **	CANCEL ACH
2. Vendor/Payee Information		
Name:		
Address:		
Contact Person's Name (if other than p	ayee):	
Telephone Number:		
Email Address:		
3. Financial Institution Information		
Bank Name:		
Bank Address:		
Name on Bank Account:		
Bank Account Number:		
Nine-Digit Bank Routing/Transit Number	er (ABA):	
Type of Account:	Checking	Savings
** Included with all new or change sub	missions: Original void	ded check, or Original bank letter
Inc. to electronically deposit payments to th  ( account and the amount of the invoice(s) pa banking information. I understand that this	e bank account designated above. It in immediately if I believe there is a delial. I understand that I must notify HR authorization will remain in full force	orm is correct, and I hereby authorize Health Research, is my responsibility to notify HRI iscrepancy between the amount deposited to my bank I in writing immediately of any changes in status or and effect until HRI has received written notification it, which should take no longer than seven (7) to ten
Print Name:	Signature:	Date:
Form Submission		
Please return completed form via emai	l to:	
For HRI Use Only:		Date Stamp - Received
Signature:	<u>Date:</u>	
Entered By:		
Approved By:		



## Request for Taxpayer Identification Number and Certification

Go to www.irs.gov/FormW9 for instructions and the latest information.

Give form to the requester. Do not send to the IRS.

Befor	е у	ou begin. For guidance related to the purpose of Form W-9, see Purpose of Form, below							
	1	Name of entity/individual. An entry is required. (For a sole proprietor or disregarded entity, enter the entity's name on line 2.)	owner's n	ame on lir	ne 1, and	d enter t	he bus	iness/o	disregarded
	2	Business name/disregarded entity name, if different from above.							
Print or type. See <b>Specific Instructions</b> on page 3.	38	Check the appropriate box for federal tax classification of the entity/individual whose name is entered only <b>one</b> of the following seven boxes.  Individual/sole proprietor	Trus	t/estate	Se		ntities, ictions	not ind on pag	,
Print or type. c Instructions		Note: Check the "LLC" box above and, in the entry space, enter the appropriate code (C, S, or P) classification of the LLC, unless it is a disregarded entity. A disregarded entity should instead che box for the tax classification of its owner.  Other (see instructions)			Com		Act (F	_	Account Tax reporting
P Specific	3k	If on line 3a you checked "Partnership" or "Trust/estate," or checked "LLC" and entered "P" as its ta and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate in which you have an ownership this box if you have any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries. See instructions	interest,	check _	(A	,		unts ma Inited S	aintained tates.)
See	5	Address (number, street, and apt. or suite no.). See instructions.	Reques	ter's nam	e and ac	ldress (	option	al)	
	6	City, state, and ZIP code							
	7	List account number(s) here (optional)	1						
Par	t I	Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)							
Enter	νοι	r TIN in the appropriate box. The TIN provided must match the name given on line 1 to a	oid/	Social s	security	numbe	r		
backı reside	p v	withholding. For individuals, this is generally your social security number (SSN). However, alien, sole proprietor, or disregarded entity, see the instructions for Part I, later. For other it is your employer identification number (EIN). If you do not have a number, see <i>How to ge</i>	for a	or	_		_		
TIN, la	ter				er ident	ificatio	n num	ber	
		ne account is in more than one name, see the instructions for line 1. See also What Name To Give the Requester for guidelines on whose number to enter.	and		-				
Par	П	Certification							
		nalties of perjury, I certify that:							
2. I ar Ser	n n	mber shown on this form is my correct taxpayer identification number (or I am waiting for of subject to backup withholding because (a) I am exempt from backup withholding, or (b) e (IRS) that I am subject to backup withholding as a result of a failure to report all interest ger subject to backup withholding; and	I have r	not been	notified	by th	e Inte		
3. I ar	ı a	U.S. citizen or other U.S. person (defined below); and							
4. The	F/	TCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that I am exempt from FATCA reporting	ng is cor	rect.					
Certif	ca	ion instructions. You must cross out item 2 above if you have been notified by the IRS that	ou are o	currently	subject	to bac	kup w	ithholc	ling

because you have failed to report all interest and dividends on your tax return. For real estate transactions, item 2 does not apply. For mortgage interest paid, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, contributions to an individual retirement arrangement (IRA), and, generally, payments other than interest and dividends, you are not required to sign the certification, but you must provide your correct TIN. See the instructions for Part II, later.

## **General Instructions**

Signature of

U.S. person

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

**Future developments.** For the latest information about developments related to Form W-9 and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to *www.irs.gov/FormW9*.

## What's New

Sign

Here

Line 3a has been modified to clarify how a disregarded entity completes this line. An LLC that is a disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Otherwise, it should check the "LLC" box and enter its appropriate tax classification.

New line 3b has been added to this form. A flow-through entity is required to complete this line to indicate that it has direct or indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries when it provides the Form W-9 to another flow-through entity in which it has an ownership interest. This change is intended to provide a flow-through entity with information regarding the status of its indirect foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, so that it can satisfy any applicable reporting requirements. For example, a partnership that has any indirect foreign partners may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3. See the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

## **Purpose of Form**

An individual or entity (Form W-9 requester) who is required to file an information return with the IRS is giving you this form because they

Date

must obtain your correct taxpayer identification number (TIN), which may be your social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN), or employer identification number (EIN), to report on an information return the amount paid to you, or other amount reportable on an information return. Examples of information returns include, but are not limited to, the following.

- Form 1099-INT (interest earned or paid).
- Form 1099-DIV (dividends, including those from stocks or mutual funds).
- Form 1099-MISC (various types of income, prizes, awards, or gross proceeds).
- Form 1099-NEC (nonemployee compensation).
- Form 1099-B (stock or mutual fund sales and certain other transactions by brokers).
- Form 1099-S (proceeds from real estate transactions).
- Form 1099-K (merchant card and third-party network transactions).
- Form 1098 (home mortgage interest), 1098-E (student loan interest), and 1098-T (tuition).
- Form 1099-C (canceled debt).
- Form 1099-A (acquisition or abandonment of secured property).

Use Form W-9 only if you are a U.S. person (including a resident alien), to provide your correct TIN.

**Caution:** If you don't return Form W-9 to the requester with a TIN, you might be subject to backup withholding. See *What is backup withholding*, later.

#### By signing the filled-out form, you:

- 1. Certify that the TIN you are giving is correct (or you are waiting for a number to be issued);
  - 2. Certify that you are not subject to backup withholding; or
- 3. Claim exemption from backup withholding if you are a U.S. exempt payee; and
- 4. Certify to your non-foreign status for purposes of withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code (if applicable); and
- 5. Certify that FATCA code(s) entered on this form (if any) indicating that you are exempt from the FATCA reporting is correct. See *What Is FATCA Reporting*, later, for further information.

**Note:** If you are a U.S. person and a requester gives you a form other than Form W-9 to request your TIN, you must use the requester's form if it is substantially similar to this Form W-9.

**Definition of a U.S. person.** For federal tax purposes, you are considered a U.S. person if you are:

- An individual who is a U.S. citizen or U.S. resident alien;
- A partnership, corporation, company, or association created or organized in the United States or under the laws of the United States;
- An estate (other than a foreign estate); or
- A domestic trust (as defined in Regulations section 301,7701-7).

Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding. Payments made to foreign persons, including certain distributions, allocations of income, or transfers of sales proceeds, may be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or chapter 4 of the Code (sections 1441–1474). Under those rules, if a Form W-9 or other certification of non-foreign status has not been received, a withholding agent, transferee, or partnership (payor) generally applies presumption rules that may require the payor to withhold applicable tax from the recipient, owner, transferor, or partner (payee). See Pub. 515, Withholding of Tax on Nonresident Aliens and Foreign Entities.

The following persons must provide Form W-9 to the payor for purposes of establishing its non-foreign status.

- In the case of a disregarded entity with a U.S. owner, the U.S. owner of the disregarded entity and not the disregarded entity.
- In the case of a grantor trust with a U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner, generally, the U.S. grantor or other U.S. owner of the grantor trust and not the grantor trust.
- In the case of a U.S. trust (other than a grantor trust), the U.S. trust and not the beneficiaries of the trust.

See Pub. 515 for more information on providing a Form W-9 or a certification of non-foreign status to avoid withholding.

**Foreign person.** If you are a foreign person or the U.S. branch of a foreign bank that has elected to be treated as a U.S. person (under Regulations section 1.1441-1(b)(2)(iv) or other applicable section for chapter 3 or 4 purposes), do not use Form W-9. Instead, use the appropriate Form W-8 or Form 8233 (see Pub. 515). If you are a qualified foreign pension fund under Regulations section 1.897(l)-1(d), or a partnership that is wholly owned by qualified foreign pension funds, that is treated as a non-foreign person for purposes of section 1445 withholding, do not use Form W-9. Instead, use Form W-8EXP (or other certification of non-foreign status).

Nonresident alien who becomes a resident alien. Generally, only a nonresident alien individual may use the terms of a tax treaty to reduce or eliminate U.S. tax on certain types of income. However, most tax treaties contain a provision known as a saving clause. Exceptions specified in the saving clause may permit an exemption from tax to continue for certain types of income even after the payee has otherwise become a U.S. resident alien for tax purposes.

If you are a U.S. resident alien who is relying on an exception contained in the saving clause of a tax treaty to claim an exemption from U.S. tax on certain types of income, you must attach a statement to Form W-9 that specifies the following five items.

- 1. The treaty country. Generally, this must be the same treaty under which you claimed exemption from tax as a nonresident alien.
  - 2. The treaty article addressing the income.
- 3. The article number (or location) in the tax treaty that contains the saving clause and its exceptions.
- 4. The type and amount of income that qualifies for the exemption from tax.
- 5. Sufficient facts to justify the exemption from tax under the terms of the treaty article.

**Example.** Article 20 of the U.S.-China income tax treaty allows an exemption from tax for scholarship income received by a Chinese student temporarily present in the United States. Under U.S. law, this student will become a resident alien for tax purposes if their stay in the United States exceeds 5 calendar years. However, paragraph 2 of the first Protocol to the U.S.-China treaty (dated April 30, 1984) allows the provisions of Article 20 to continue to apply even after the Chinese student becomes a resident alien of the United States. A Chinese student who qualifies for this exception (under paragraph 2 of the first Protocol) and is relying on this exception to claim an exemption from tax on their scholarship or fellowship income would attach to Form W-9 a statement that includes the information described above to support that exemption.

If you are a nonresident alien or a foreign entity, give the requester the appropriate completed Form W-8 or Form 8233.

## Backup Withholding

What is backup withholding? Persons making certain payments to you must under certain conditions withhold and pay to the IRS 24% of such payments. This is called "backup withholding." Payments that may be subject to backup withholding include, but are not limited to, interest, tax-exempt interest, dividends, broker and barter exchange transactions, rents, royalties, nonemployee pay, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, and certain payments from fishing boat operators. Real estate transactions are not subject to backup withholding.

You will not be subject to backup withholding on payments you receive if you give the requester your correct TIN, make the proper certifications, and report all your taxable interest and dividends on your tax return.

#### Payments you receive will be subject to backup withholding if:

- 1. You do not furnish your TIN to the requester;
- 2. You do not certify your TIN when required (see the instructions for Part II for details);
  - 3. The IRS tells the requester that you furnished an incorrect TIN;
- 4. The IRS tells you that you are subject to backup withholding because you did not report all your interest and dividends on your tax return (for reportable interest and dividends only); or
- 5. You do not certify to the requester that you are not subject to backup withholding, as described in item 4 under "By signing the filled-out form" above (for reportable interest and dividend accounts opened after 1983 only).

Certain payees and payments are exempt from backup withholding. See *Exempt payee code*, later, and the separate Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

See also Establishing U.S. status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding, earlier.

## What Is FATCA Reporting?

The Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) requires a participating foreign financial institution to report all U.S. account holders that are specified U.S. persons. Certain payees are exempt from FATCA reporting. See *Exemption from FATCA reporting code*, later, and the Instructions for the Requester of Form W-9 for more information.

## **Updating Your Information**

You must provide updated information to any person to whom you claimed to be an exempt payee if you are no longer an exempt payee and anticipate receiving reportable payments in the future from this person. For example, you may need to provide updated information if you are a C corporation that elects to be an S corporation, or if you are no longer tax exempt. In addition, you must furnish a new Form W-9 if the name or TIN changes for the account, for example, if the grantor of a grantor trust dies.

## **Penalties**

Failure to furnish TIN. If you fail to furnish your correct TIN to a requester, you are subject to a penalty of \$50 for each such failure unless your failure is due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

**Civil penalty for false information with respect to withholding.** If you make a false statement with no reasonable basis that results in no backup withholding, you are subject to a \$500 penalty.

**Criminal penalty for falsifying information.** Willfully falsifying certifications or affirmations may subject you to criminal penalties including fines and/or imprisonment.

**Misuse of TINs.** If the requester discloses or uses TINs in violation of federal law, the requester may be subject to civil and criminal penalties.

## **Specific Instructions**

#### Line 1

You must enter one of the following on this line; **do not** leave this line blank. The name should match the name on your tax return.

If this Form W-9 is for a joint account (other than an account maintained by a foreign financial institution (FFI)), list first, and then circle, the name of the person or entity whose number you entered in Part I of Form W-9. If you are providing Form W-9 to an FFI to document a joint account, each holder of the account that is a U.S. person must provide a Form W-9.

• Individual. Generally, enter the name shown on your tax return. If you have changed your last name without informing the Social Security Administration (SSA) of the name change, enter your first name, the last name as shown on your social security card, and your new last name.

**Note for ITIN applicant:** Enter your individual name as it was entered on your Form W-7 application, line 1a. This should also be the same as the name you entered on the Form 1040 you filed with your application.

- Sole proprietor. Enter your individual name as shown on your Form 1040 on line 1. Enter your business, trade, or "doing business as" (DBA) name on line 2.
- Partnership, C corporation, S corporation, or LLC, other than a disregarded entity. Enter the entity's name as shown on the entity's tax return on line 1 and any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- Other entities. Enter your name as shown on required U.S. federal tax documents on line 1. This name should match the name shown on the charter or other legal document creating the entity. Enter any business, trade, or DBA name on line 2.
- Disregarded entity. In general, a business entity that has a single owner, including an LLC, and is not a corporation, is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner (a disregarded entity). See Regulations section 301.7701-2(c)(2). A disregarded entity should check the appropriate box for the tax classification of its owner. Enter the owner's name on line 1. The name of the owner entered on line 1 should never be a disregarded entity. The name on line 1 should be the name shown on the income tax return on which the income should be reported. For

example, if a foreign LLC that is treated as a disregarded entity for U.S. federal tax purposes has a single owner that is a U.S. person, the U.S. owner's name is required to be provided on line 1. If the direct owner of the entity is also a disregarded entity, enter the first owner that is not disregarded for federal tax purposes. Enter the disregarded entity's name on line 2. If the owner of the disregarded entity is a foreign person, the owner must complete an appropriate Form W-8 instead of a Form W-9. This is the case even if the foreign person has a U.S. TIN.

#### Line 2

If you have a business name, trade name, DBA name, or disregarded entity name, enter it on line 2.

#### Line 3a

Check the appropriate box on line 3a for the U.S. federal tax classification of the person whose name is entered on line 1. Check only one box on line 3a.

IF the entity/individual on line 1 is a(n)	THEN check the box for
Corporation	Corporation.
Individual or	Individual/sole proprietor.
Sole proprietorship	
LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes or	Limited liability company and enter the appropriate tax
LLC that has filed Form 8832 or 2553 electing to be taxed as a corporation	classification:  P = Partnership,  C = C corporation, or  S = S corporation.
Partnership	Partnership.
Trust/estate	Trust/estate.

#### Line 3b

Check this box if you are a partnership (including an LLC classified as a partnership for U.S. federal tax purposes), trust, or estate that has any foreign partners, owners, or beneficiaries, and you are providing this form to a partnership, trust, or estate, in which you have an ownership interest. You must check the box on line 3b if you receive a Form W-8 (or documentary evidence) from any partner, owner, or beneficiary establishing foreign status or if you receive a Form W-9 from any partner, owner, or beneficiary that has checked the box on line 3b.

**Note:** A partnership that provides a Form W-9 and checks box 3b may be required to complete Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065). For more information, see the Partnership Instructions for Schedules K-2 and K-3 (Form 1065).

If you are required to complete line 3b but fail to do so, you may not receive the information necessary to file a correct information return with the IRS or furnish a correct payee statement to your partners or beneficiaries. See, for example, sections 6698, 6722, and 6724 for penalties that may apply.

## **Line 4 Exemptions**

If you are exempt from backup withholding and/or FATCA reporting, enter in the appropriate space on line 4 any code(s) that may apply to you.

#### Exempt payee code.

- Generally, individuals (including sole proprietors) are not exempt from backup withholding.
- Except as provided below, corporations are exempt from backup withholding for certain payments, including interest and dividends.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding for payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions.
- Corporations are not exempt from backup withholding with respect to attorneys' fees or gross proceeds paid to attorneys, and corporations that provide medical or health care services are not exempt with respect to payments reportable on Form 1099-MISC.

The following codes identify payees that are exempt from backup withholding. Enter the appropriate code in the space on line 4.

1—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a), any IRA, or a custodial account under section 403(b)(7) if the account satisfies the requirements of section 401(f)(2).

- 2-The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- 3—A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- 4—A foreign government or any of its political subdivisions, agencies, or instrumentalities
- 5-A corporation.
- 6—A dealer in securities or commodities required to register in the United States, the District of Columbia, or a U.S. commonwealth or territory
- $7\!-\!A$  futures commission merchant registered with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.
- 8-A real estate investment trust.
- 9—An entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- 10—A common trust fund operated by a bank under section 584(a).
- 11-A financial institution as defined under section 581.
- 12—A middleman known in the investment community as a nominee or custodian.
- 13—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947.

The following chart shows types of payments that may be exempt from backup withholding. The chart applies to the exempt payees listed above, 1 through 13.

IF the payment is for	THEN the payment is exempt for
Interest and dividend payments	All exempt payees except for 7.
Broker transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4 and 6 through 11 and all C corporations. S corporations must not enter an exempt payee code because they are exempt only for sales of noncovered securities acquired prior to 2012.
Barter exchange transactions and patronage dividends	Exempt payees 1 through 4.
• Payments over \$600 required to be reported and direct sales over \$5,000 <sup>1</sup>	Generally, exempt payees 1 through 5. <sup>2</sup>
Payments made in settlement of payment card or third-party network transactions	Exempt payees 1 through 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Form 1099-MISC, Miscellaneous Information, and its instructions.

**Exemption from FATCA reporting code.** The following codes identify payees that are exempt from reporting under FATCA. These codes apply to persons submitting this form for accounts maintained outside of the United States by certain foreign financial institutions. Therefore, if you are only submitting this form for an account you hold in the United States, you may leave this field blank. Consult with the person requesting this form if you are uncertain if the financial institution is subject to these requirements. A requester may indicate that a code is not required by providing you with a Form W-9 with "Not Applicable" (or any similar indication) entered on the line for a FATCA exemption code.

- A—An organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) or any individual retirement plan as defined in section 7701(a)(37).
  - B—The United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities.
- C-A state, the District of Columbia, a U.S. commonwealth or territory, or any of their political subdivisions or instrumentalities.
- D—A corporation the stock of which is regularly traded on one or more established securities markets, as described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i).
- E—A corporation that is a member of the same expanded affiliated group as a corporation described in Regulations section 1.1472-1(c)(1)(i).

- F—A dealer in securities, commodities, or derivative financial instruments (including notional principal contracts, futures, forwards, and options) that is registered as such under the laws of the United States or any state.
  - G-A real estate investment trust.
- H—A regulated investment company as defined in section 851 or an entity registered at all times during the tax year under the Investment Company Act of 1940.
  - I-A common trust fund as defined in section 584(a).
  - J-A bank as defined in section 581.
  - K-A broker.
- L—A trust exempt from tax under section 664 or described in section 4947(a)(1).
- M—A tax-exempt trust under a section 403(b) plan or section 457(g) plan.

**Note:** You may wish to consult with the financial institution requesting this form to determine whether the FATCA code and/or exempt payee code should be completed.

#### Line 5

Enter your address (number, street, and apartment or suite number). This is where the requester of this Form W-9 will mail your information returns. If this address differs from the one the requester already has on file, enter "NEW" at the top. If a new address is provided, there is still a chance the old address will be used until the payor changes your address in their records.

#### Line 6

Enter your city, state, and ZIP code.

## Part I. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

**Enter your TIN in the appropriate box.** If you are a resident alien and you do not have, and are not eligible to get, an SSN, your TIN is your IRS ITIN. Enter it in the entry space for the Social security number. If you do not have an ITIN, see *How to get a TIN* below.

If you are a sole proprietor and you have an EIN, you may enter either your SSN or EIN.

If you are a single-member LLC that is disregarded as an entity separate from its owner, enter the owner's SSN (or EIN, if the owner has one). If the LLC is classified as a corporation or partnership, enter the entity's EIN.

**Note:** See *What Name and Number To Give the Requester*, later, for further clarification of name and TIN combinations.

How to get a TIN. If you do not have a TIN, apply for one immediately. To apply for an SSN, get Form SS-5, Application for a Social Security Card, from your local SSA office or get this form online at www.SSA.gov. You may also get this form by calling 800-772-1213. Use Form W-7, Application for IRS Individual Taxpayer Identification Number, to apply for an ITIN, or Form SS-4, Application for Employer Identification Number, to apply for an EIN. You can apply for an EIN online by accessing the IRS website at www.irs.gov/EIN. Go to www.irs.gov/Forms to view, download, or print Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4. Or, you can go to www.irs.gov/OrderForms to place an order and have Form W-7 and/or Form SS-4 mailed to you within 15 business days.

If you are asked to complete Form W-9 but do not have a TIN, apply for a TIN and enter "Applied For" in the space for the TIN, sign and date the form, and give it to the requester. For interest and dividend payments, and certain payments made with respect to readily tradable instruments, you will generally have 60 days to get a TIN and give it to the requester before you are subject to backup withholding on payments. The 60-day rule does not apply to other types of payments. You will be subject to backup withholding on all such payments until you provide your TIN to the requester.

**Note:** Entering "Applied For" means that you have already applied for a TIN or that you intend to apply for one soon. See also *Establishing U.S.* status for purposes of chapter 3 and chapter 4 withholding, earlier, for when you may instead be subject to withholding under chapter 3 or 4 of the Code.

**Caution:** A disregarded U.S. entity that has a foreign owner must use the appropriate Form W-8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> However, the following payments made to a corporation and reportable on Form 1099-MISC are not exempt from backup withholding: medical and health care payments, attorneys' fees, gross proceeds paid to an attorney reportable under section 6045(f), and payments for services paid by a federal executive agency.

## Part II. Certification

To establish to the withholding agent that you are a U.S. person, or resident alien, sign Form W-9. You may be requested to sign by the withholding agent even if item 1, 4, or 5 below indicates otherwise.

For a joint account, only the person whose TIN is shown in Part I should sign (when required). In the case of a disregarded entity, the person identified on line 1 must sign. Exempt payees, see *Exempt payee code*, earlier.

**Signature requirements.** Complete the certification as indicated in items 1 through 5 below.

- 1. Interest, dividend, and barter exchange accounts opened before 1984 and broker accounts considered active during 1983. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.
- 2. Interest, dividend, broker, and barter exchange accounts opened after 1983 and broker accounts considered inactive during 1983. You must sign the certification or backup withholding will apply. If you are subject to backup withholding and you are merely providing your correct TIN to the requester, you must cross out item 2 in the certification before signing the form.
- **3. Real estate transactions.** You must sign the certification. You may cross out item 2 of the certification.
- **4. Other payments.** You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification unless you have been notified that you have previously given an incorrect TIN. "Other payments" include payments made in the course of the requester's trade or business for rents, royalties, goods (other than bills for merchandise), medical and health care services (including payments to corporations), payments to a nonemployee for services, payments made in settlement of payment card and third-party network transactions, payments to certain fishing boat crew members and fishermen, and gross proceeds paid to attorneys (including payments to corporations).
- 5. Mortgage interest paid by you, acquisition or abandonment of secured property, cancellation of debt, qualified tuition program payments (under section 529), ABLE accounts (under section 529A), IRA, Coverdell ESA, Archer MSA or HSA contributions or distributions, and pension distributions. You must give your correct TIN, but you do not have to sign the certification.

## What Name and Number To Give the Requester

For this type of account:	Give name and SSN of:
1. Individual	The individual
Two or more individuals (joint account) other than an account maintained by an FFI	The actual owner of the account or, if combined funds, the first individual on the account <sup>1</sup>
Two or more U.S. persons     (joint account maintained by an FFI)	Each holder of the account
<ol> <li>Custodial account of a minor (Uniform Gift to Minors Act)</li> </ol>	The minor <sup>2</sup>
5. a. The usual revocable savings trust (grantor is also trustee)	The grantor-trustee <sup>1</sup>
<ul> <li>b. So-called trust account that is not a legal or valid trust under state law</li> </ul>	The actual owner <sup>1</sup>
Sole proprietorship or disregarded entity owned by an individual	The owner <sup>3</sup>
7. Grantor trust filing under Optional Filing Method 1 (see Regulations section 1.671-4(b)(2)(i)(A))**	The grantor*

Give name and EIN of: The owner  Legal entity <sup>4</sup> The corporation
Legal entity <sup>4</sup>
ů ,
The corporation
The corporation
The organization
The partnership
The broker or nominee
The public entity
The trust

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> List first and circle the name of the person whose number you furnish. If only one person on a joint account has an SSN, that person's number must be furnished.

- <sup>3</sup> You must show your individual name on line 1, and enter your business or DBA name, if any, on line 2. You may use either your SSN or EIN (if you have one), but the IRS encourages you to use your SSN.
- <sup>4</sup>List first and circle the name of the trust, estate, or pension trust. (Do not furnish the TIN of the personal representative or trustee unless the legal entity itself is not designated in the account title.)
- \*Note: The grantor must also provide a Form W-9 to the trustee of the trust
- \*\*For more information on optional filing methods for grantor trusts, see the Instructions for Form 1041.

**Note:** If no name is circled when more than one name is listed, the number will be considered to be that of the first name listed.

## Secure Your Tax Records From Identity Theft

Identity theft occurs when someone uses your personal information, such as your name, SSN, or other identifying information, without your permission to commit fraud or other crimes. An identity thief may use your SSN to get a job or may file a tax return using your SSN to receive a refund.

To reduce your risk:

- Protect your SSN,
- Ensure your employer is protecting your SSN, and
- Be careful when choosing a tax return preparer.

If your tax records are affected by identity theft and you receive a notice from the IRS, respond right away to the name and phone number printed on the IRS notice or letter.

If your tax records are not currently affected by identity theft but you think you are at risk due to a lost or stolen purse or wallet, questionable credit card activity, or a questionable credit report, contact the IRS Identity Theft Hotline at 800-908-4490 or submit Form 14039.

For more information, see Pub. 5027, Identity Theft Information for Taxpayers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Circle the minor's name and furnish the minor's SSN.

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Victims of identity theft who are experiencing economic harm or a systemic problem, or are seeking help in resolving tax problems that have not been resolved through normal channels, may be eligible for Taxpayer Advocate Service (TAS) assistance. You can reach TAS by calling the TAS toll-free case intake line at 877-777-4778 or TTY/TDD 800-829-4059.

Protect yourself from suspicious emails or phishing schemes. Phishing is the creation and use of email and websites designed to mimic legitimate business emails and websites. The most common act is sending an email to a user falsely claiming to be an established legitimate enterprise in an attempt to scam the user into surrendering private information that will be used for identity theft.

The IRS does not initiate contacts with taxpayers via emails. Also, the IRS does not request personal detailed information through email or ask taxpayers for the PIN numbers, passwords, or similar secret access information for their credit card, bank, or other financial accounts.

If you receive an unsolicited email claiming to be from the IRS, forward this message to <code>phishing@irs.gov</code>. You may also report misuse of the IRS name, logo, or other IRS property to the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) at 800-366-4484. You can forward suspicious emails to the Federal Trade Commission at <code>spam@uce.gov</code> or report them at <code>www.ftc.gov/complaint</code>. You can contact the FTC at <code>www.ftc.gov/idtheft</code> or 877-IDTHEFT (877-438-4338). If you have been the victim of identity theft, see <code>www.ldentityTheft.gov</code> and Pub. 5027.

Go to www.irs.gov/IdentityTheft to learn more about identity theft and how to reduce your risk.

## **Privacy Act Notice**

Section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code requires you to provide your correct TIN to persons (including federal agencies) who are required to file information returns with the IRS to report interest, dividends, or certain other income paid to you; mortgage interest you paid; the acquisition or abandonment of secured property; the cancellation of debt; or contributions you made to an IRA, Archer MSA, or HSA. The person collecting this form uses the information on the form to file information returns with the IRS, reporting the above information. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation and to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and territories for use in administering their laws. The information may also be disclosed to other countries under a treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce civil and criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism. You must provide your TIN whether or not you are required to file a tax return. Under section 3406, payors must generally withhold a percentage of taxable interest, dividends, and certain other payments to a payee who does not give a TIN to the payor. Certain penalties may also apply for providing false or fraudulent information.

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